# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2016

### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT AUDIT REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2016

		Page #
Independent Auditor's Report		1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3-6
Basic Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A	7
Statement of Activities	Exhibit B	8
Governmental Funds:		
Balance Sheet	Exhibit C	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Exhibit D	10
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	Exhibit E	11
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	Exhibit F	12-20
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Police Fund	Exhibit G	21-22

### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT AUDIT REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2016

		Page #
Proprietary Funds:		
Statement of Fund Net Position	Exhibit H	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	Exhibit I	24
Statement of Cash Flows	Exhibit J	25
Notes to the Financial Statements		26-54
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Schedule 1	55
Schedule of Contributions	Schedule 2	56
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with "Government Auditing Standards		57-58

### Sullivan, Powers & Co., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

77 Barre Street P.O. Box 947 Montpelier, VT 05601 802/223-2352 www.sullivanpowers.com Fred Duplessis, CPA Richard J. Brigham, CPA Chad A. Hewitt, CPA Wendy C. Gilwee, CPA VT Lic. #92-000180

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Selectboard Town of Bristol P.O. Box 249 Bristol, Vermont 05443

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Bristol, Vermont as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Bristol, Vermont's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards", issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Bristol, Vermont as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Police Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 6, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on Schedule 1, and the Schedule of Contributions on Schedule 2 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by "Government Auditing Standards"

In accordance with "Government Auditing Standards", we have also issued our report dated April 4, 2017 on our consideration of the Town of Bristol, Vermont's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with "Government Auditing Standards" in considering the Town of Bristol, Vermont's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

April 4, 2017 Montpelier, Vermont VT Lic. #92-000180 Sullivan, Powers & Company

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the Town of Bristol, Vermont, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of its financial activities for the fiscal year end June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the audited report.

### **Financial Highlights**

The Town of Bristol continues to operate with positive General Fund balance of \$175,603 as of June 30, 2016. The Revolving Loan Fund continues to operate with a positive fund balance of \$245,624. That fund also increased their loans receivable by \$47,359, putting money back into the community. The Police fund operates with a positive fund balance of \$37,871.

### **Government-wide Highlights**

The Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2016 by \$6,179,087 compared to \$4,740,794 at June 30, 2015. Of this amount \$5,308,782 represents governmental activities and \$870,305 represents our water, sewer and landfill funds (enterprise funds). Of these amounts, \$393,004 of governmental funds is unrestricted net position and may be used to meet future obligations of the Town.

### **Fund Highlights**

At the end of the fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,265,663, an increase of \$267,075 over the prior year. Of the total fund balance \$1,084,745 represents amounts restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes, such as, but not limited to, the Revolving Loan fund, Police Fund, Capital Funds and grant expenditures.

### **Long-term Debt**

The Town's total debt decreased \$135,178 during the fiscal year and had a total ending balance of \$2,152,180. During FY 2016 the Town extended the line of credit with People's United Bank, for the Town's portion of the design and construction costs to South Street Bridge. This line of credit will eventually be refinanced into a bond. See pages 40-44 for more information regarding the Town's long-term liabilities.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serves as an introduction of the Town of Bristol's financial statement which is comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund-financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Bristol's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town of Bristol's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave). Both the statement of net position and the statement of activities distinguish functions of the Town of Bristol that are principally supported by taxes and governmental activities of the Town of Bristol include general government, public safety, public works, recreation and parks. The business-type activities of the Town of Bristol include the Water Department, Sewer Department and Landfill. The government-wide financial statements may be found on pages 7 and 8, also listed as exhibits A & B.

#### Statement of Net Position

		Governmental Activities		Business- Activit	• 1	Total		
	-	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2015	
	_							
Assets:								
Current and Other Assets	\$	1,846,735 \$	1,613,124 \$	50,781 \$	688,513 \$	1,897,516 \$	2,301,637	
Capital Assets	_	5,308,282	4,318,560	1,755,488	1,790,487	7,063,770	6,109,047	
Total Assets	_	7,155,017	5,931,684	1,806,269	2,479,000	8,961,286	8,410,684	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	159,290	47,198	0	0	159,290	47,198	
Liabilities:								
Current Liabilities		76,065	123,160	25,242	16,915	101,307	140,075	
Long-Term Liabilities	_	1,909,823	1,397,094	910,722	2,066,401	2,820,545	3,463,495	
Total Liabilities	_	1,985,888	1,520,254	935,964	2,083,316	2,921,852	3,603,570	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	19,637	113,518	0	0	19,637	113,518	
Net Position:								
Net Investment in								
Capital Assets		4,066,106	2,999,446	845,484	822,243	4,911,590	3,821,689	
Restricted		849,672	879,950	0	0	849,672	879,950	
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	_	393,004	465,714	24,821	(426,559)	417,825	39,155	
Total Net Position	\$_	5,308,782 \$	4,345,110 \$	870,305 \$	395,684 \$	6,179,087 \$	4,740,794	

		Governmental Activities		Business- Activit	• 1	Total		
	_	FY 2016	vitie	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2015
REVENUES	_	1 1 2010	_	1 1 2013	1 1 2010	1 1 2015	1 1 2010	1 1 2015
Charges for Service	\$	273,708	ŧ.	333,664 \$	309,322 \$	426,197 \$	583,030	759,861
Operating Grants and	Ψ	273,700	Ψ	555,00+ ф	307,322 W	420,177 \$	303,030 4	757,001
Contributions		147,359		443,536	160,035	10,595	307,394	454,131
Capital Grants and		117,555		113,550	100,033	10,555	307,371	13 1,131
Contributions		1,024,856		0	0	0	1,024,856	C
Property Taxes		2,244,829		2,108,700	0	0	2,244,829	2,108,700
Penalty and Interest on		2,2,02>		2,100,700	· ·	v	2,2 : 1,02>	2,100,700
Delinquent Taxes		29,770		21,210	0	0	29,770	21,210
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		917		917	0	0	917	917
General State Grants		153,986		130,928	0	0	153,986	130,928
Unrestricted Investment		,		,			,	,
Earnings		3,118		1,492	2,055	1,122	5,173	2,614
Insurance Proceeds		789		1,239	0	0	789	1,239
Donations		60,999		550	0	0	60,999	550
Other Revenues		6,038		5,797	1,778	7.627	7,816	13,424
Donation of Capital Asset		0		67,642	0	0	0	67,642
Donation of Capital Library	_			07,012				07,012
Total Revenues	_	3,946,369		3,115,675	473,190	445,541	4,419,559	3,561,216
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		802,856		742,867	0	0	802,856	742,867
Public Safety		629,278		584,858	0	0	629,278	584,858
Public Works		825,823		883,560	0	0	825,823	883,560
Sanitation		7,239		53,812	0	0	7,239	53,812
Cemetery		3,361		2,582	0	0	3,361	2,582
Community Development		73,072		263,198	0	0	73,072	263,198
Culture and Recreation		277,733		132,734	0	0	277,733	132,734
Interest on Long-Term Debt		31,268		33,433	0	0	31,268	33,433
Water		0		0	258,428	238,897	258,428	238,897
Sewer		0		0	45,821	44,523	45,821	44,523
Landfill	_	0	_	0	26,387	251,252	26,387	251,252
Total Expenditures	_	2,650,630	_	2,697,044	330,636	534,672	2,981,266	3,231,716
Transfers In/(Out)	_	(332,067)		(17,500)	332,067	17,500	0	0
Changes in Net Position		963,672		401,131	474,621	(71,631)	1,438,293	329,500
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	4,345,110	_	3,943,979	395,684	467,315	4,740,794	4,411,294
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	5,308,782	\$ <u></u>	4,345,110 \$	870,305 \$	395,684 \$	6,179,087	4,740,794

Statement of Activities

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. The Town of Bristol, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, as determined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All of the funds of the Town of Bristol can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

### **Governmental Funds**

The basic services provided by the Town are reported in the governmental funds. These statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the full accrual basis of accounting, but the governmental fund financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. This allows the reader to focus on the assets that can be readily converted to cash and determine whether there are adequate resources to meet the Town's current needs.

The Town reports 43 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statements for the General Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, Police Fund, Capital Equipment Fund, Capital Building Fund, and Capital Roads Fund, where are all considered major funds. Data from the other 37 governmental funds are combined into a single column on the fund statements. Individual fund data for these non-major governmental funds is provided on pages 45-47.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund and that is an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report business-type activities in the financial statements. The Town of Bristol uses Enterprise funds to account for its Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Landfill Fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements only in more detail. The Proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Landfill Fund, each of which are considered to be major funds of the Town of Bristol. Please note, the Landfill fund closed as of June 30, 2016.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased the Town of Bristol's net position by \$963,672 during the 2016 fiscal year.

### **Governmental Funds**

As noted earlier, the Town of Bristol uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements such as GASB standards.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The Town of Bristol's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. The net position of the Water Fund and Sewer Fund is \$615,811 and \$254,494, respectively. In the fiscal year 2016, operating expenses for the Water Fund increased by \$18,449, and operating expenses in the Sewer Fund increased by \$1,578. The Water Fund purchased \$45,360 in capital assets. Please note the Landfill Fund closed as of June 30, 2016. Any minor future expenses will be absorbed by the Governmental General Fund budget.

### **Contacting the Town Finance Department**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town finances and demonstrate the Town's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report, or would like to request additional information, contact the Town Treasurer's Office at P.O. Box 249, Bristol, VT 05443.

### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$ 801,384	\$ 99,571	\$ 900,955
Investments	137,296	0	137,296
Receivables	103,485	208,428	311,913
Loans Receivable	451,839	0	451,839
Prepaid Expenses	94,949	564	95,513
Internal Balances	257,782	(257,782)	0
Capital Assets		(	
Land	93,400	0	93,400
Construction in Progress	1,046,870	47,235	1,094,105
Other Capital Assets (Net of			
Accumulated Depreciation)	4,168,012	1,708,253	5,876,265
Total Assets	7,155,017	1,806,269	8,961,286
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to			
the Town's Participation in VMERS	159,290	0	159,290
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	159,290	0	159,290
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	44,746	20,640	65,386
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	29,089	338	29,427
Accrued Interest Payable	2,230	2,943	5,173
Unearned Revenue	0	1,321	1,321
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due within One Year	114,077	44,546	158,623
Due in More than One Year	1,795,746	866,176	2,661,922
Total Liabilities	1,985,888	935,964	2,921,852
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Prepaid Property Taxes	8,550	0	8,550
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to			
the Town's Participation in VMERS	11,087	0	11,087
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	19,637	0	19,637
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,066,106	845,484	4,911,590
Restricted:			
Revolving Loans	687,798	0	687,798
Public Safety	37,871	0	37,871
Other	124,003	0	124,003
Unrestricted	393,004	24,821	417,825
Total Net Position	\$5,308,782	\$ 870,305	\$6,179,087

Net (Expense) Revenue and

2,168,379

963,672

4,345,110

5,308,782

335,900

474,621

395,684

870,305

2,504,279

1,438,293

4,740,794

6,179,087

#### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Services Contributions Contributions Activities Expenses Activities Total Functions/Programs: Governmental Activities: General Government 802,856 \$ 61,160 38,382 \$ 0 (703,314)\$ 0 (703,314)Public Safety 629,278 30,238 7,838 0 (537,426)53,776 (537,426)Public Works 825,823 6,154 87,027 916,691 184,049 0 184,049 Sanitation 7,239 195 976 0 (6,068)(6,068)3,361 0 0 0 0 Cemetery (3,361)(3,361)Culture and Recreation 277,733 93,154 0 54,389 (130,190)0 (130,190)Community Development 73,072 82,807 13,136 0 22,871 0 22,871 Interest on Long-Term Debt 31,268 0 0 0 (31,268)0 (31,268)Total Governmental Activities 2,650,630 273,708 147,359 1,024,856 (1,204,707)0 (1,204,707)Business-Type Activities: Water 258,428 264,729 15,035 0 0 21,336 21,336 Sewer 45,821 31,690 0 0 (14,131)(14,131)Landfill 26,387 12,903 145,000 0 0 131,516 131,516 Total Business-Type Activities 330,636 309,322 160,035 0 0 138,721 138,721 Total 2,981,266 583,030 307,394 1,024,856 (1,204,707)138,721 (1,065,986)General Revenues: Property Taxes 2,244,829 0 2,244,829 Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Taxes 29,770 0 29,770 Payment in Lieu of Taxes 0 917 917 153,986 153,986 General State Grants Unrestricted Investment Earnings 2,055 3,118 5,173 Insurance Proceeds 789 0 789 Donations 0 60,999 60,999 Other Revenues 1,778 7,816 6,038 Transfers 332,067 (332,067)0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - July 1, 2015

Net Position - June 30, 2016

Total

#### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

Capital

Capital

Capital

Other

Revolving

	General Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Police Fund	Capital Equipment Fund	Capital Building Fund	Capital Roads Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash	\$ 44,461	\$ 116,363	\$ 0	\$ 285,206	\$ 15,623	\$ 199,431	\$ 140,300	\$ 801,384
Investments	0	119,596	0	0	0	0	17,700	137,296
Receivables	88,875	0	3,621	0	0	0	10,989	103,485
Loans Receivable	0	451,839	0	0	0	0	0	451,839
Due from Other Funds	62,466	0	42,018	0	0	8,897	161,871	275,252
Prepaid Expenses	92,042	0	2,907	0	0	0	0	94,949
Total Assets	\$ 287,844	\$ 687,798	\$ 48,546	\$ 285,206	\$15,623	\$ 208,328	\$ 330,860	\$ 1,864,205
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable	\$ 38,564	\$ 0	\$ 1,128	\$ 3,999	\$ 975	\$ 0	\$ 80	\$ 44,746
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	19,542	0	9,547	0	0	0	0	29,089
Due to Other Funds	0	0	0	8,844	8,626	0	0	17,470
Total Liabilities	58,106	0	10,675	12,843	9,601	0	80	91,305
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Property Taxes, Penalty and Interest	45,585	0	0	0	0	0	0	45,585
Unavailable Loan Revenue	0	442,174	0	0	0	0	0	442,174
Unavailable Grant Revenue	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,928	10,928
Property Tax Overpayments/Prepayments	8,550	0_	0	0_	0	0	0	8,550
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	54,135	442,174	0	0	0	0	10,928	507,237
FUND BALANCES/(DEFICIT)								
Nonspendable	92,042	0	2,907	0	0	0	17,700	112,649
Restricted	0	245,624	34,964	0	0	0	106,303	386,891
Committed	0	0	0	57,594	0	0	0	57,594
Assigned	0	0	0	214,769	6,022	208,328	211,141	640,260
Unassigned/(Deficit)	83,561	0	0	0	0	0	(15,292)	68,269
Total Fund Balances	175,603	245,624	37,871	272,363	6,022	208,328	319,852	1,265,663
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 287,844	\$ 687,798	\$ 48,546	\$ 285,206	\$ 15,623	\$ 208,328	\$ 330,860	
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities	es in the Statement of Net I	Position are Different Becar	ise:					
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activitie	es are not Financial Resour	ces and, Therefore, are not	Reported in the Funds.					5,308,282
Other Assets are not Available to Pay for Curr	rent Period Expenditures, a	nd, Therefore, are Deferred	I in the Funds.					498,687
Long-Term and Accrued Liabilities, Including Bonds Payable, are not Due or Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore, are Not Reported in the Funds.						(1,912,053)		
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources	related to the Town's Partic	ipation in VMERS are app	icable to Future Periods and	d, therefore, are not Report	ed in the Funds.			148,203
Net Position of Governmental Activities								\$5,308,782_

### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Police Fund	Capital Equipment Fund	Capital Building Fund	Capital Roads Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:								
Property Taxes	\$ 1,856,008	\$ 0	\$ 345,695	\$ 57,580	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,259,283
Penalties and Interest	29,770	0	0	0	0	0	0	29,770
Licenses, Fees and Fines	14,890	0	17,470	0	0	0	3,584	35,944
Intergovernmental Revenues	190,120	0	0	0	0	133,185	237,767	561,072
Contributions and Donations	1,054	0	0	47,283	0	0	12,662	60,999
Charges for Services	136,173	0	12,768	0	0	0	0	148,941
Investment Income	538	377	0	288	34	387	1,494	3,118
Loan Interest Income	0	10,166	0	0	0	0	0	10,166
Loan Repayments	0	72,641	0	0	0	0	0	72,641
Recycling Revenues	1,157	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,157
Other Revenues	3,771	771	922	4,655	0	0	0	10,119
Total Revenues	2,233,481	83,955	376,855	109,806	34	133,572	255,507	3,193,210
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government	631,344	0	0	0	16,951	0	120,635	768,930
Public Safety	147,129	0	387,043	25,857	0	0	10,250	570,279
Public Works	652,855	0	0	0	0	10,879	2,245	665,979
Sanitation	7,239	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,239
Cemetery	3,361	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,361
Culture & Recreation	264,887	0	0	0	0	0	2,490	267,377
Community Development	0	121,446	0	0	0	0	0	121,446
Capital Outlay:	-	,	*	ų.	•	-	-	,
Public Safety	0	0	0	36,720	33,585	42,989	44,776	158,070
Public Works	25,506	0	0	0	4,950	202,297	530	233,283
Culture & Recreation	0	0	0	0	0	0	43,230	43,230
Debt Service:	-	_	-	-	•	-	10,200	10,-00
Principal	101,938	0	0	0	0	0	0	101,938
Interest	31,481	0	0	0	0	0	0	31,481
merest	51,101							31,101
Total Expenditures	1,865,740	121,446	387,043	62,577	55,486	256,165	224,156	2,972,613
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	367,741	(37,491)	(10,188)	47,229	(55,452)	(122,593)	31,351	220,597
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):								
Proceeds from Long Term Debt	0	0	0	0	0	0	25,000	25,000
Transfers In	48,553	0	10,000	118,000	20,000	135,000	15,000	346,553
Transfers Out	(311,545)	0	(13,000)	0	0	0	(530)	(325,075)
Total Other Financing								
Sources/(Uses)	(262,992)	0	(3,000)	118,000	20,000	135,000	39,470	46,478
Net Change in Fund Balances	104,749	(37,491)	(13,188)	165,229	(35,452)	12,407	70,821	267,075
Fund Balances - July 1, 2015	70,854	283,115	51,059	107,134	41,474	195,921	249,031	998,588
Fund Balances - June 30, 2016	\$ 175,603	\$ 245,624	\$37,871	\$ 272,363	\$6,022	\$ 208,328	\$ 319,852	\$ 1,265,663

# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit B) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total government funds (Exhibit D)	\$ 267,075
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost (\$434,583) of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense (\$237,368). This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	197,215
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, loss on disposal of assets, capital grants and donations) is to increase net position. This amount is the donation of a capital asset.	792,506
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	10,623
The issuance of long-term debt (\$25,000) (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt (\$101,938) consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	76,938
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures (\$48,572). However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions (\$68,195) is reported as pension expense.	(19,623)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount reflects the increase in the balances of these expenditures over last year.	(7,517)
The transfer of the post closure liability from the Landfill Fund is a long-term liability and, therefore, not reflected in the Governmental Funds.	 (353,545)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ 963,672

Variance

## TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenue:			
Taxes:			
Property Taxes	\$ 1,849,991	\$ 1,856,008	\$ 6,017
Delinquent Taxes - Interest	9,400	10,170	770
Delinquent Taxes - Penalty	13,550	19,600	6,050
Fish and Wildlife Pond Access PILOT	900	917	17
National Forest Payments	14,500	15,745	1,245
Current Use Program	72,000	71,661	(339)
Total Taxes	1,960,341	1,974,101	13,760
Licenses, Fines & Fees:			
Liquor Licenses	1,100	670	(430)
Dog Licenses	2,325	2,263	(62)
Dog Fines	350	337	(13)
Police Fines	7,200	11,305	4,105
Town Clerk Fees	33,000	34,161	1,161
Motor Vehicle Reg. Renewals	700	601	(99)
Zoning Fees	9,500	8,385	(1,115)
School Treasurer's Fee	1,500	1,500	0
Total Licenses, Fines & Fees	55,675	59,222	3,547
Recreation Department:			
Program Registration Fees	58,000	58,067	67
Town Appropriations - 4 Towns	9,000	9,500	500
Youth Center Event & Rental Income	1,000	1,295	295
Pottery Studio	12,000	13,096	1,096
Hall Rentals	2,250	3,415	1,165
Transfer from Lacrosse Fund	0	24	24
Transfer from Recreation Fund	0	456	456
Total Recreation Department	82,250	85,853	3,603
Highway Department:			
State Aid for Highways	96,206	95,977	(229)
Public Works Grant	0	5,820	5,820
Equipment Use - Water/Landfill	9,200	5,753	(3,447)
Garage Rent from Water Department	400	400	0
Miscellaneous	500	786	286
Total Highway Department	106,306	108,736	2,430
Reimbursements to Town:			
Library Personnel Benefits Reimbursement	600	789	189
Act 60 Reimbursements	1,647	1,682	35
Total Reimbursements to Town	2,247	2,471	224
Recycling Revenue:			
Recyclable Material Payments	2,325	195	(2,130)
Recycling User Sticker Fees	13,160	0	(13,160)
Household Hazardous Waste	2,100	976	(1,124)
Total Recycling Revenue	17,585	1,171	(16,414)

## TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance vorable favorable)
Other Revenues:	_		_			
Interest	\$	1,100	\$	538	\$	(562)
Parking Permit Fees		150		315		165
Transfer from Dry Hydrant Fund		0		50		50
Transfer from Landfill Fund		0		48,023		48,023
Donations		0		1,054		1,054
Miscellaneous Revenues	<del>-</del>	500	_	500		0
Total Other Revenues	_	1,750	_	50,480		48,730
Total Revenue	_	2,226,154	_	2,282,034		55,880
Expenditures:						
General Expenses:						
Supplies		3,000		2,470		530
Furnishings		300		392		(92)
Equipment		3,700		2,587		1,113
Advertising		800		1,256		(456)
Postage		3,700		3,437		263
Telephone		2,150		2,193		(43)
Pub. Official & Empl. Practices Ins.		10,000		10,284		(284)
Landfill - Fees		1,500		780		720
Miscellaneous	_	2,000	_	2,422		(422)
Total General Expenses	_	27,150	_	25,821	_	1,329
Administrator's Office:						
Salaries		74,950		76,601		(1,651)
Additional Labor		300		90		210
FICA		5,757		5,977		(220)
Health Insurance		16,782		15,566		1,216
Retirement		5,247		4,884		363
Workers Compensation		230		100		130
Disability Insurance		700		797		(97)
Mileage		1,500		1,594		(94)
Training	_	200	_	239		(39)
Total Administrator's Office	_	105,666	_	105,848	_	(182)
Clerk/Treasurer's Office:						
Salaries		71,336		68,045		3,291
FICA		5,457		4,902		555
Health Insurance		20,804		20,975		(171)
Retirement		4,007		3,783		224
Workers Compensation		240		201		39
Disability Insurance		535		621		(86)
Training		300		276		24
Supplies		3,800		4,141		(341)
Software & Programming		1,100		972		128
Equipment		500		275		225
Postage		1,300		1,295		5
Telephone		1,600		1,660		(60)
Microfilming		525		640		(115)
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u>	200	_	191		9
Total Clerk/Treasurer's Office		111,704		107,977		3,727
	_	,	_	, ,		-,,

# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Listing Department:	4.7.000		
Salaries	\$ 15,000	\$ 11,012	\$ 3,988
FICA	1,148	816	332
Workers Compensation	120	100	20
Mileage	250	140	110
Training	300	250	50
Supplies	400	397	3
Software	1,400	1,492	(92)
Equipment	200	0	200
Postage	300	110	190
Telephone	850	854	(4)
Legal Fees	300	105	195
Professional Fees	1,500	420	1,080
Map Maintenance	1,800	2,048	(248)
Miscellaneous	100	0	100
Total Listing Department	23,668	17,744	5,924
Planning & Zoning:			
Salaries	13,139	14,196	(1,057)
FICA	1,005	1,024	(19)
Retirement	225	334	(109)
Workers Compensation	115	100	15
Disability Insurance	161	34	127
Mileage	400	448	(48)
Training	100	60	40
Supplies	500	133	367
Advertising	450	444	6
Postage	500	425	75
Attorney Fees	7,500	153	7,347
Planning Services	7,500	12,500	(5,000)
Printing	500	13	487
Meetings	700	765	(65)
Total Planning & Zoning	32,795	30,629	2,166
Professional Fees:			
Attorney Fees	4,000	5,644	(1,644)
Audit Fees	19,500	15,901	3,599
Total Professional Fees	23,500	21,545	1,955
Town Report	1,800	945	855
Meetings & Elections:			
Election Workers	900	854	46
Election Supplies	1,700	1,585	115
Total Meetings & Elections	2,600	2,439	161

# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Town Officers:	<del>.</del>		
Salaries	\$ 4,750	\$ 5,336	\$ (586)
Collector of Delinquent Taxes	7,446	8,101	(655)
Conservation Commission	400	100	300
Energy Committee	100	100	0
FICA/MEDI	933	901	32
Training	165	334	(169)
Total Town Officers	13,794	14,872	(1,078)
Town Parks:			
Supplies	1,200	583	617
Electricity	1,100	1,224	(124)
Liability Insurance	1,600	1,314	286
Mowing	11,500	9,882	1,618
Maintenance	1,000	0	1,000
Sycamore Park Portolet	500	530	(30)
Tree Planting	500	620	(120)
Landfill Fees	1,800	1,137	663
Miscellaneous	100	0	100
Total Town Parks	19,300	15,290	4,010
Holley Hall:			
Supplies	900	1,062	(162)
Equipment	250	53	197
Heating Fuel	7,000	2,923	4,077
Electricity	3,900	3,552	348
Custodial	4,500	5,168	(668)
Building Maintenance	2,600	6,035	(3,435)
Liability Insurance	4,800	4,407	393
Holley Hall Renovation Bond	57,600	56,813	787
Sewer Fees	550	550	0
Water Fees	300	205	95
Total Holley Hall	82,400	80,768	1,632
Howden Hall:			
Supplies	200	81	119
Heating Fuel	2,700	953	1,747
Electricity	1,600	1,551	49
Telephone	500	556	(56)
Liability Insurance	3,230	3,182	48
Maintenance & Custodial	800	1,599	(799)
Coach House	50	0	50
Water Fees	275	221	54
Debt Service	7,841	7,841	0
Total Howden Hall	17,196	15,984	1,212

## TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Public Safety:			
Dog Officer	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,245	\$ 355
FICA	122	84	38
Dog Pound	1,600	1,275	325
Street Lights	26,000	25,683	317
Town Traffic Control	10,000	10,000	0
Police Services - Outside District	4,350	4,005	345
Tonce services Outside District	4,330	4,005	
Total Public Safety	43,672	42,292	1,380
Fire Department:			
Labor	25,000	22,065	2,935
FICA/MEDI	1,913	1,608	305
Dues	1,092	1,128	(36)
Training	2,000	2,849	(849)
OSHA Requirements	5,500	8,472	(2,972)
Supplies	8,000	7,489	511
Heating Fuel	6,000	986	5,014
Electricity	3,500	2,891	609
Propane	0	636	(636)
Gas & Oil	3,500	1,724	1,776
	1,300	1,343	
Telephone			(43)
Dispatching	3,000	3,646	(646)
Building Maintenance	5,000	3,408	1,592
Workers Compensation	4,446	5,791	(1,345)
Accident & Disability Insurance	2,600	2,587	13
Liability Insurance	7,700	7,973	(273)
Water Fees	240	413	(173)
Landfill Fees	120	241	(121)
Hose Replacement	2,000	1,491	509
CTI Tower Lease	3,183	3,183	0
Radios and Pagers	4,000	4,352	(352)
Firefighting Equipment Repairs	3,600	2,743	857
2007 Engine Tanker Repairs	1,000	502	498
Pumper - Hose Reel	500	14,337	(13,837)
1997 Engine One	2,000	2,271	(271)
Utility Vehicle Repair	850	876	(26)
Heavy Rescue Vehicle Repair	850	40	810
Storage Heavy Rescue	7,400	7,400	0
Brush Truck	500	7,400 49	451
Bond Payment - 2007 Eng. Tanker	34,049	34,049	0
Fire Prevention	500	335	165
Fire/Uniforms & Apparel	1,000	1,086	(86)
Fire/Apparatus Pump Service & Testing	1,500	812	688
Miscellaneous	200	110	90
Total Fire Department	144,043	148,886	(4,843)
Lawrence Memorial Library:			
Workers Compensation	230	200	30
Disability Insurance	625	589	36
Liability Insurance	2,400	2,291	109
Total Lawrence Memorial Library	3,255	3,080	175
Cemetery Care	3,100	3,361	(261)

See Disclaimer in Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

## TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Other Debt Service & Transfers:			(Cinavorable)
Tax Anticipation Interest	\$500_	\$ 1,597	\$ (1,097)
Total Other Debt Service & Transfers	500	1,597	(1,097)
Dues, Taxes, Contributions:			
Addison County Regional Planning	4,628	4,627	1
Addison County Tax	13,500	13,402	98
Addison County Economic Dev. Corp.	3,500	3,500	0
Vermont League of Cities & Towns	5,142	5,142	0
Christmas Committee	400	444	(44)
Fourth of July Bristol PD Expense	1,000	918	82
Chamber of Commerce	165	0	165
Total Dues, Taxes, Contributions	28,335	28,033	302
Municipal Solid Waste Program:			
Recycling Hauling Process	18,500	5,239	13,261
Recycling Labor	10,239	1,025	9,214
Recycling Manager's Salary	3,955	25	3,930
Worker's Compensation	700	268	432
FICA	1,086	2	1,084
Equipment Use	1,382	640	742
Household Hazardous Waste	22,000	0	22,000
Solid Waste Education Program	200	0	200
Solid Waste Planning	1,800	0	1,800
Electricity	540	40	500
Landfill Closure	26,545	26,545	0
Total Municipal Solid Waste Program	86,947	33,784	53,163
Highway Department:			
Personnel & Insurance:			
Salaries	237,300	241,164	(3,864)
Overtime	22,500	10,215	12,285
FICA/MEDI	19,875	18,375	1,500
Health Insurance	52,969	55,700	(2,731)
Retirement	18,002	17,581	421
Workers Compensation	14,500	15,062	(562)
Disability Insurance	3,000	2,460	540
Uniforms	1,500	1,553	(53)
Mileage	400	273	127
Training	600	436	164
Liability Insurance	13,000	12,658	342
Total Personnel & Insurance	383,646	375,477	8,169
Equipment:			
Supplies	15,000	15,954	(954)
Parts	12,000	16,667	(4,667)
Tires	6,000	6,137	(137)
Fuels	52,000	22,495	29,505
Oil, Anti-freeze	2,000	2,946	(946)
Purchases	2,500	2,504	(4)
Contracted Repairs	11,000	18,399	(7,399)
Equipment Rentals	500	0	500
Total Equipment	101,000	85,102	15,898

Variance

## TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					Fa	vorable
		Budget		Actual	(Uni	favorable)
Garage:	_		_			
Supplies	\$	5,500	\$	5,950	\$	(450)
Heating Fuels (Old Garage)		3,000		954		2,046
Propane (New Garage)		3,000		2,002		998
Electricity		3,500		2,963		537
Telephone		1,200		1,863		(663)
Pagers		1,200		928		272
Maintenance		2,500		10,254		(7,754)
Water Fees		275		208		67
Landfill Fees		300	_	294		6
Total Garage	_	20,475	_	25,416		(4,941)
Materials & Services:						
Road Gravel		22,000		26,280		(4,280)
Winter Sand		32,000		31,841		159
Salt		50,000		62,709		(12,709)
Chloride		22,000		23,133		(1,133)
Cold Patch		1,000		837		163
				4,500		
Culverts		4,000				(500)
Signs		3,000		5,241		(2,241)
Tree Work		5,000		4,200		800
Pavement Marking		1,000		1,032		(32)
Sidewalks		15,000		13,880		1,120
Guard Rail		2,000		2,000		0
Storm Drainage		1,000		764		236
Contracted Services		13,000		14,938		(1,938)
Miscellaneous	_	1,000	_	1,011		(11)
Total Materials & Services	_	172,000	_	192,366		(20,366)
Indebtedness						
Stormwater Bond (2010)		34,920		34,919		1
South Street Bridge Replacement	<del></del> -	2,000	_	1,394		606
Total Indebtedness	_	36,920	_	36,313	_	607
Total Highway Department	_	714,041	_	714,674		(633)
Arts, Parks & Recreation Department:						
General Recreation Department:						
Labor (Director & Assistant)		61,387		63,471		(2,084)
Contracted Labor		500		520		(20)
FICA		4,734		4,673		61
Health Insurance		21,746		21,163		583
Retirement		4,297		4,160		137
Workers Compensation		1,500		1,433		67
Disability Insurance		800		671		129
Liability Insurance		1,500		1,500		0
Mileage		300		341		(41)
Training		600		383		217
Supplies		1,000		1,322		(322)
Equipment		2,400		2,552		(152)
Advertising		1,600		1,798		(198)
Facilities Rent		800		760		40
Postage		300		149		151
Telephone		1,250		1,054		196

See Disclaimer in Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

Variance

## TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Arts, Parks & Recreation Department/(Cont'd):			
Holley Hall Custodial	\$ 2,100	\$ 1,780	\$ 320
Printing	1,500	1,590	(90)
Programs	36,000	34,860	1,140
Events	2,000	2,633	(633)
Annual Fees	300	250	50
Miscellaneous	250	297	(47)
Total General Recreation Department	146,864	147,360	(496)
Youth Center/Skate Park:			
Full Time Labor	31,211	31,812	(601)
Part Time Labor	14,560	14,100	460
FICA	3,502	3,394	108
Health Insurance	11,852	6,562	5,290
Retirement	3,204	2,200	1,004
Workers Compensation	1,450	1,683	(233)
Disability Insurance	600	373	227
Travel	150	143	7
Hub Rent to Recreation Club	7,200	7,200	0
Supplies	1,000	1,014	(14)
Food	2,200	2,068	132
Heat	2,800	1,533	1,267
Electricity	1,800	1,557	243
Telephone	1,100	1,177	(77)
Programs/Workshops	1,800	1,800	0
Water Fees	250	264	(14)
Trash Disposal	500	630	(130)
Maintenance	1,000	702	298
Total Youth Center/Skate Park	86,179	78,212	7,967
Pottery Studio:			
Labor	11,526	11,526	0
Supplies	700	716	(16)
Kiln	820	884	(64)
Heat	1,000	61	939
Electricity	400	356	44
Rent	7,500	6,900	600
Telephone	500	502	(2)
Total Pottery Studio	22,446	20,945	1,501
Total Arts, Parks & Recreation Department	255,489	246,517	8,972
Voted Appropriations:			
Capital Equipment Fund	85,000	85,000	0
Capital Fire Equipment Fund	20,000	20,000	0
Capital Building Fund	20,000	20,000	0
Capital Road Fund	35,000	35,000	0
Capital Road Fund - Paving	100,000	100,000	0
Reappraisal Fund	5,000	5,000	0
Conservation Reserve Fund	10,000	10,000	0
Lawrence Memorial Library	129,543	129,543	0
Bristol Recreation Club	15,000	15,000	0
Addison County Court Diversion	1,150	1,150	0
Addison County Home Health	4,700	4,700	0
•	****	,	

See Disclaimer in Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Budget	_	Actual	]	Variance Favorable infavorable)
Voted Appropriations/(Cont'd):						
Addison County Humane Society	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	0
Addison County Parent Child Center		4,800		4,800		0
Addison County Transit Resources Program		10,706		10,706		0
Addison County Readers Program		2,000		2,000		0
Bristol After School Program		1,275		1,275		0
Bristol Band		1,200		1,200		0
Bristol Cemetery Association		7,000		7,000		0
Bristol Downtown Community Part.		10,000		10,000		0
Bristol Family Center		4,000		4,000		0
Bristol Fourth of July Committee		6,000		6,000		0
Bristol Historical Society		2,500		2,500		0
Bristol Little League		2,000		2,000		0
Bristol Rescue Squad		12,000		12,000		0
Champlain Valley Agency on Aging		2,700		2,700		0
Counseling Service Addison County		3,875		3,875		0
Elderly Services		2,200		2,200		0
Helping Overcome Poverty's Effects		3,250		3,250		0
Hospice Volunteer Services		1,200		1,200		0
John Graham Emergency Shelter		1,400		1,400		0
Lewis Creek Association		300		300		0
Northeast Addison TV (NEAT)		3,500		3,500		0
Open Door Clinic		1,000		1,000		0
Retired Senior Volunteer Program		750		750		0
Vermont Adult Learning		1,650		1,650		0
WomenSafe	_	3,500	_	3,500	_	0
Total Voted Appropriations		515,199	_	515,199	<del>-</del>	0
Total Expenditures	_	2,256,154	_	2,177,285	_	78,869
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenue						
Over Expenditures	\$ <u></u>	(30,000)		104,749	\$ _	134,749
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015			_	70,854		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016			\$_	175,603		

# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	Budget Actual	
Revenue:			
Property Taxes	\$ 345,695	\$ 345,695	\$ 0
Detail Revenues	3,000	6,058	3,058
Town Traffic Patrol Contract	10,000	10,000	0
MAUHS Contract	5,200	6,710	1,510
Non-District Service Fees	4,350	6,878	2,528
Fines	6,500	10,592	4,092
Towing	500	0	(500)
Miscellaneous	975	922	(53)
Total Revenue	376,220	386,855	10,635
Expenditures:			
Full-time Labor	163,592	154,785	8,807
Part-time Labor	18,000	33,641	(15,641)
Detail Labor	2,800	4,948	(2,148)
Clerical	12,480	5,685	6,795
Administrator	4,812	4,727	85
Overtime	20,800	21,594	(794)
FICA/MEDI	17,020	16,702	318
Health Insurance	33,839	34,640	(801)
State Retirement	13,440	12,122	1,318
Worker's Compensation	7,151	8,505	(1,354)
Disability Insurance	2,000	1,753	247
Uniforms	2,000	2,281	(281)
Training	2,500	3,495	(995)
Computer	1,000	840	160
Office Supplies	1,225	1,557	(332)
Equipment	1,500	991	509
General Supplies	800	252	548
Vehicle Gas/Oil	9,500	6,427	3,073

See Disclaimer in Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					Variance Favorable
	 Budget Actual		Actual	(U1	nfavorable)
Expenditures:/(Cont'd)					
Vehicle Maintenance	\$ 6,500	\$	7,579	\$	(1,079)
Facility Expenses	39,246		38,311		935
Postage	270		182		88
Communications	6,800		10,061		(3,261)
Towing	300		0		300
Insurance	14,745		15,036		(291)
Capital Vehicle Reserve	11,000		11,000		0
Capital Equipment Reserve	2,000		2,000		0
Miscellaneous	 900		929		(29)
Total Expenditures	 396,220		400,043		(3,823)
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenditures	\$ (20,000)		(13,188)	\$	6,812
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015			51,059		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016		\$	37,871		

### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Landfill Fund		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			-					
Current Assets:								
Cash	\$	72,113	\$	18,593	\$	8,865	\$	99,571
Receivables (Net of Allowance for								
Uncollectible Accounts)		48,240		15,188		145,000		208,428
Prepaid Expenses	_	564	_	0	_	0	_	564
Total Current Assets	_	120,917	_	33,781	_	153,865		308,563
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets								
Construction in Progress		47,235		0		0		47,235
Plant and Equipment		2,374,889		583,262		0		2,958,151
Accumulated Depreciation		(987,427)		(262,471)		0		(1,249,898)
Accumulated Depreciation	_	(701,421)	_	(202,471)	_		_	(1,247,070)
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	1,434,697	_	320,791	_	0	_	1,755,488
Total Assets	\$_	1,555,614	\$_	354,572	\$_	153,865	\$	2,064,051
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	5,555	\$	685	\$	14,400	\$	20,640
Accrued Payroll		253		85		0		338
Accrued Interest Payable		2,667		276		0		2,943
Unearned Revenue		1,321		0		0		1,321
Due to Other Funds		103,583		14,734		139,465		257,782
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Current Portion		35,366		9,180		0		44,546
Total Current Liabilities		148,745	_	24,960		153,865		327,570
Total Cultent Liabilities	_	140,743	_	24,900	_	133,603	_	321,310
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences Payable		492		226		0		718
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Noncurrent Portion	_	790,566	_	74,892	_	0	_	865,458
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	791,058	_	75,118	_	0		866,176
Total Liabilities	_	939,803	_	100,078	_	153,865	_	1,193,746
NET POSITION/(DEFICIT)								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		608,765		236,719		0		845,484
Unrestricted		7,046	_	17,775	_	0		24,821
Total Net Position	_	615,811	_	254,494	_	0	_	870,305
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	1,555,614	\$_	354,572	\$	153,865	\$	2,064,051

# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Landfill Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 264,729	\$ 31,690	\$ 12,903	\$ 309,322
Other Income	0	0	400	400
Total Operating Revenues	264,729	31,690	13,303	309,722
Operating Expenses:				
Operations	166,352	27,778	26,387	220,517
Depreciation	59,277	14,582	0	73,859
Total Operating Expenses	225,629	42,360	26,387	294,376
Operating Income/(Loss)	39,100	(10,670)	(13,084)	15,346
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses):				
Investment Income	131	45	1,879	2,055
Grant Revenue	0	0	145,000	145,000
Gain on Sale of Equipment	0	0	1,378	1,378
Interest Expense	(32,799)	(3,461)	0	(36,260)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(32,668)	(3,416)	148,257	112,173
Net Income/(Loss) Before Capital Contributions				
and Transfers	6,432	(14,086)	135,173	127,519
Capital Contributions and Transfers:				
Capital Contributions	15,035	0	0	15,035
Transfers In	0	0	380,090	380,090
Transfers Out	0	0	(48,023)	(48,023)
Total Capital Contributions and Transfers	15,035	0	332,067	347,102
Change in Net Position	21,467	(14,086)	467,240	474,621
Net Position/(Deficit) - July 1, 2015	594,344	268,580	(467,240)	395,684
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$ 615,811	\$ 254,494	\$0	\$ 870,305

### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Landfill Fund		Total
Cook Flows From Operating Activities								
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	274,044	\$	31,483	\$	15.306	\$	320,833
Receipts of Other Income	φ	0	φ	0	Ф	400	φ	400
Payments for Wages and Benefits		(9,672)		(2,774)		(10,395)		(22,841)
Payments for Goods and Services		(156,343)		(26,367)		(748,932)		(931,642)
1 ayrients for Goods and Betvices	_	(130,343)	-	(20,307)	-	(140,732)	_	(731,042)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities		108,029	=	2,342	-	(743,621)		(633,250)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:								
(Decrease)/Increase in Due to Other Funds		16,290		11,683		0		27,973
Decrease/(Increase) in Due from Other Funds		0		0		146,198		146,198
Transfers from Other Funds		0		0		26,545		26,545
Transfers to Other Funds	_	0	_	0	_	(48,023)	_	(48,023)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		16,290	_	11,683	_	124,720		152,693
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		15.025		0		0		15.025
Capital Contributions		15,035 0		0		0 7,878		15,035
Proceeds from Sale of Equipment Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets				0		7,878		7,878
		(45,360)				0		(45,360)
Principal Paid on General Obligation Bonds		(34,407)		(8,833) 0		0		(43,240)
Principal Paid on Notes Payable Interest Paid on General Obligation Bonds		(15,000) (32,827)		(3,490)		0		(15,000) (36,317)
Interest Paid on Notes Payable		(294)		(3,490)		0		(294)
interest raid on Notes rayable	_	(294)	-	0	-	<u> </u>	_	(294)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Capital and								
Related Financing Activities	_	(112,853)	_	(12,323)	_	7,878	_	(117,298)
Cook Flores From Louisian Assisting								
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		0		0		407.702		407.702
Receipt of Principal of Certificates of Deposits Receipt of Interest and Dividends		131		0 45		406,792 1,879		406,792
Receipt of interest and Dividends	_	131	-	43	-	1,679	_	2,055
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	131	-	45	-	408,671		408,847
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash		11,597		1,747		(202,352)		(189,008)
Cash - July 1, 2015		60,516	_	16,846	_	211,217		288,579
Cash - June 30, 2016	\$	72,113	\$	18,593	\$	8,865	\$	99,571
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash			=		=			
Provided by Operating Activities:								
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	39,100	\$	(10,670)	\$	(13,084)	\$	15,346
Depreciation	-	59,277	_	14,582	-	0	*	73,859
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable		9,492		(207)		2,470		11,755
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		1,006		0		0		1,006
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(949)		(1,471)		11,004		8,584
Increase/(Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		(177)		0		(67)		(244)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Payroll Payable		253		85		0		338
Increase/(Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		27		23		(289)		(239)
Increase/(Decrease) in Landfill Estimated Closure Cost Liability		0	_	0	_	(743,655)	_	(743,655)
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities	\$	108,029	\$_	2,342	\$	(743,621)	\$	(633,250)

 $The \ Land fill \ Fund \ sold \ equipment \ with \ a \ cost \ of \ \$25,\!000 \ and \ accumulated \ depreciation \ of \ \$18,\!500 \ for \ \$7,\!878.$ 

The Town of Bristol, Vermont, (herein the "Town") operates under a Selectboard form of government and provides the following services: public safety, public works, sanitation, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, community development, water, sewer and general administrative services.

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted by the Town of Bristol, Vermont (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies employed in the preparation of these financial statements.

### A. The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the activity of the Town of Bristol, Vermont. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government; organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on the primary government. The primary government is financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board; a governing board appointed by a higher level of government; or a jointly appointed board. Based on these criteria, there are no other entities that should be combined with the financial statements of the Town.

### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Town are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The basic financial statements of the Town include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The focus of the government-wide statements is on reporting the operating results and financial position of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. The focus of the fund financial statements is on reporting on the operating results and financial position of the most significant funds of the Town and present a shorter-term view of how operations were financed and what remains available for future spending.

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, the Town. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of activities between funds. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities and for each segment of the Town's business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function or program. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Town reports on the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the Town's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those accounted for in another fund.

Revolving Loan Fund – The Revolving Loan Fund was established to account for monies loaned to businesses within the Town.

Police Fund – The Police Fund accounts for taxes and other revenue charged to provide public safety to taxpayers in a specific area of the Town.

Capital Equipment Fund – The Capital Equipment Fund was established to account for monies transferred from other funds on an annual basis to be used for the acquisition of equipment.

Capital Building Fund – The Capital Building Fund was established to account for monies transferred from other funds on an annual basis to be used for building improvements.

Capital Roads Fund – The Capital Roads Fund was established to account for monies transferred from other funds on an annual basis to be used for road improvements.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund – The Water Fund was established to account for user fees charged to customers to provide water services.

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund was established to account for user fees charged to customers to provide sewer services.

Landfill Fund – The Landfill Fund was established to account for user fees charged to customers to provide solid waste services. The landfill was closed on August 1, 2015.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### C. Measurement Focus

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the balance sheet (or statement of net position). Equity (i.e., net total position) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally reported on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balances (net current position) are considered a measure of available spendable resources, and are segregated into nonspendable; restricted; committed; assigned and unassigned amounts. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period.

### **D.** Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means the amount is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town considers all revenues reported in governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, certain compensated absences and other long-term liabilities which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated or are funded with expendable available financial resources.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and other grant requirements have been met.

### E. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity

### 1. Cash

Cash balances of most Town funds are deposited with and invested by the Town Treasurer. The Town considers all short-term investments of ninety (90) days or less to be cash equivalents.

Excess cash of individual funds are shown as due from other funds and excess cash withdrawals are shown as due to other funds. Interest income is allocated based on the due to/from other fund balances.

### 2. Investments

Investments with readily determined fair values are reported at the fair values on the balance sheet. Unrealized gains and losses are included in revenue. The Town invests in instruments as authorized by State statutes.

### 3. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts for the estimated losses that will be incurred in the collection of the receivables. The estimated losses are based on the judgment of management and a review of the current status of existing receivables.

Unbilled revenues consist of revenues earned as of June 30, but not yet billed as of that date.

### 4. Internal Balances

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". The purpose of the interfund balances is to allow the Town to pool its cash deposits to better manage its cash flow.

### 5. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the proportionate share of the net pension liability and the related deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) plan and additions to/deductions from the VMERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VMERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 6. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs that are applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses.

Reported prepaid expenses of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by a nonspendable fund balance as these are not in spendable form.

### 7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, "deferred outflows of resources", represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The Town has one type which arises under the accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The governmental activities reports deferred outflows of resources from one source; deferred outflows related to the Town's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employees Retirement System. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the future periods to which the outflows are related.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, "deferred inflows of resources", represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has four (4) types of items which arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting and two (2) types which arise under the accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The governmental activities reports deferred inflows of resources from two sources; prepaid property taxes and deferred inflows related to the Town's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employees Retirement System. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the future periods to which the inflows are related. The governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources from four (4) sources; prepaid property taxes, unavailable property taxes, penalties and interest, unavailable grant revenue, and unavailable loans receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the future periods that the amounts become available or to which the inflows are related.

### 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time received. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase for proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of any interest earned on the invested proceeds during the same period. Interest is not capitalized during the construction phase of capital assets used in governmental activities. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. Infrastructure assets are reported starting with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The Town has elected to not report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. The Town has not capitalized any interest costs.

Depreciable capital assets reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are depreciated in order that the cost of these assets will be charged to expenses over their estimated service lives, generally using the straight-line method of calculating depreciation.

The Town does not have a capitalization policy, therefore, the Town determines the capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) based on their judgment. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Estimated
	Service Life
Buildings and Building Improvements	40
Furniture and Equipment	7-15
Infrastructure	40
Vehicles	5-10
Water and Sewer Systems	40
Roads	40

### 9. Compensated Absences

Sick leave is earned by full-time permanent employees at a rate of seven (7) days per year. Employees may carry up to fifteen (15) days of sick leave from fiscal year to fiscal year. Each July 1, employees can exchange sick leave accrued over fifteen (15) days for vacation days at a rate of two (2) sick days for one (1) vacation day.

Employees of the Town are granted vacation leave in varying amounts. Employees may carry over to the next fiscal year up to ten (10) days of vacation.

Upon termination of employment, the Town will compensate the employee for unused vacation and sick days up to the limits noted at current pay rates.

### 10. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities include bonds payable, notes payable and other obligations such as the Landfill estimated closure and post-closure liability, compensated absences and the Town's net pension liability. Long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements do not include any long-term liabilities as those statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and only include current liabilities on their balance sheets.

### 11. Fund Equity

Fund Equity is classified based upon any restrictions that have been placed on those balances or any tentative plans management may have made for those balances. Restrictions of net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally restricted for a specific purpose by a grant, contract, or other binding agreement.

Fund Balances in the governmental funds are classified as nonspendable (not in spendable form or legally required to remain intact); restricted (constraints on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or donors, or imposed by law through enabling legislation); committed (constraints on the use of resources are imposed by formal action of the voters); assigned (reflecting the Selectboard's intended use of the resources); and unassigned.

### II. EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, while government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting lead to differences between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements as follows:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas government-wide statements report revenues when they are earned. Long-term expense differences arise because governmental funds report expenditures (including interest) using the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereas government-wide statements report expenses using the accrual basis of accounting.

Capital-related differences arise because governmental funds report capital outlays as current period expenditures, whereas government-wide statements report depreciation as an expense. Further, governmental funds report the proceeds from the sale of capital assets as another financing source, whereas government-wide statements report the gain or loss from the sale of capital assets as revenue or expense.

Long-term debt transaction differences arise because governmental funds report bond proceeds as other financing sources and principal payments as expenditures, whereas government-wide statements report those transactions as increases and decreases in liabilities, respectively.

Pension-related liabilities arise because governmental funds report the current year's required employer contributions as current period expenditures, whereas government-wide statements report those transactions as deferred outflows of resources. In addition, the accrual for the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements along with the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

### III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A. Budgetary Information

The administration and finance office of the Town are responsible for preparing the annual revenue and expenditures budgets. This budget is presented to the Selectboard and once the Board has adopted the budget, it is sent to the voters of the Town. The budget is voted on annually in March. Budget changes require voter approval. There were no budget amendments during the year.

### **B.** Budgeted Deficit

The Town elected to budget a current year's deficiency of revenues over expenditures in the General Fund in the amount of \$30,000 in order to utilize a portion of the previous year's surplus. This is reflected as a budgeted deficiency of revenues over expenditures on Exhibit F.

The Town elected to budget a current year's deficiency of revenues over expenditures in the Police Fund in the amount of \$20,000 in order to utilize a portion of the previous year's surplus. This is reflected as a budgeted deficiency of revenues over expenditures on Exhibit G.

#### C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town expended \$3,823 more than appropriated in the Police Fund. These over-expenditures were funded by excess revenues.

#### IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

**Total Cash and Investments** 

#### A. Cash and Investments

The Town's cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

#### Cash:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 892,496
Cash on Hand	8,459
Total Cash	900,955
Investments:     Investments – Certificates of Deposit     Total Investments	137,296 137,296

The Town has one (1) certificate of deposit with the Peoples United Bank in the amount of \$17,700, with an interest rate of 0.45% and maturity date of September 9, 2016. The Town also has a certificate of deposit with the Merchants Bank in the amount of \$119,596 with an interest rate of 0.25% and a maturity date of December 5, 2016.

\$1,038,251

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counter-party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of another party. The Town does not have any policy to limit the exposure to custodial credit risk.

The following table shows the custodial credit risk of the Town's cash and certificates of deposit.

	Book Balance	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Insured – FDIC Uninsured, Collateralized by U.S. Government Securities, Federal Agency Issued Mortgage Backed Securities and/or General Obligation Vermont Municipal Notes and Bonds Held by the Bank's Trust Department	\$ 563,022	\$ 735,121
with a Security Interest Granted to the Town	466,770	466,770
Total	\$ <u>1,029,792</u>	\$ <u>1,201,891</u>

The difference between the book and the bank balance is due to reconciling items such as deposits in transit and outstanding checks.

Deposits are comprised of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 892,496
Investments – Certificates of Deposit	137,296
Total Deposits	\$ <u>1,029,792</u>

#### **Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Town has no investments subject to credit risk. The Town's credit risk policy is as follows:

**AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS.** Public deposits shall only be made in qualified public depositories as established by Vermont Law. All broker/dealers who desire to become qualified for investment transactions with the Town must supply the following as appropriate:

- 1. Access to audited financial statements demonstrating compliance with state and federal capital adequacy guidelines;
- 2. Proof of National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD) certification;
- 3. Proof of state registration.

The following investments will be permitted under this policy:

- 1. Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at financial institutions; and
- 2. Investment grade obligations of state and local governments and public authorities with an AAA or Aaa rating by Moody's or the S & P.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Town does not have any policy to limit the exposure to interest rate risk. The certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk disclosure requirements.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that a large percentage of the Town's investments are held within one security. The Town has no limit on the amount that they may invest with any one issuer. The Town has no investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

#### **B.** Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2016, as reported in the statement of net position, net of applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	-	Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities		Total
Delinquent Taxes	\$	78,984	\$	0	\$	78,984
Penalties and Interest		8,765		0		8,765
Accounts Receivable		1,126		0		1,126
Grants Receivable		10,989		145,000		155,989
Billed Services		3,621		24,932		28,553
<b>Unbilled Services</b>		0		38,496		38,496
Total	\$	103,485	\$	208,428	\$	311,913

#### C. Loans Receivable

Loans Receivable at June 30, 2016 consists of a number of loans for community development as follows:

Notes Receivable, 9 Small Business Loans, Monthly Principal and Interest Payments Required, Interest Ranging from 0% to 5.0%, Maturity Dates Ranging from November 1, 2017 through September 1, 2023 All Secured by Business Assets.

\$ 451.839

An analysis of the change in loans receivable is as follows:

Balance			Balance
July 1, 2015	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	June 30, 2016
<b>*</b> 40.4.400	<b>4.42</b> 0.000	<b>470 641</b>	<b>0.454</b> 0.20
\$ <u>404,480</u>	\$ <u>120,000</u>	\$ <u>72,641</u>	\$ <u>451,839</u>

### **D.** Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities			•		_		_	_
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	93,400	\$	0	\$	0	\$	93,400
Construction in Progress		140,539		906,331		0		1,046,870
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	_	233,939		906,331		0	_	1,140,270
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Building Improvements		1,599,752		4,950		0		1,604,702
Furniture and Equipment		610,838		44,776		0		655,614
Vehicles		1,261,702		0		0		1,261,702
Infrastructure		2,367,595		271,033		0		2,638,628
Totals		5,839,887		320,759		0	_	6,160,646
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	_		•				_	
Buildings and Building Improvements		257,215		43,210		0		300,425
Furniture and Equipment		425,346		35,981		0		461,327
Vehicles		828,592		93,656		0		922,248
Infrastructure		244,113		64,521		0		308,634
Totals		1,755,266	•	237,368		0	_	1,992,634
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		4,084,621	•	83,391		0	_	4,168,012
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,318,560	\$	989,722	\$	0	\$	5,308,282
		Beginning Balance	•	Increases	-	Decreases	-	Ending Balance
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>			•		-		_	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	15,255	\$	31,980	\$	0	\$_	47,235
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		15,255		31,980		0		47,235
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Water and Sewer Systems		2,891,013		13,380		0		2,904,393
Roads		29,650		0		29,650		0
Equipment		52,931		0		33,537		19,394
Vehicles		34,364		0		0		34,364
Totals	_	3,007,958		13,380		63,187	_	2,958,151
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Water and Sewer Systems		1,130,628		72,331		0		1,202,959
Roads		29,650		0		29,650		0
Equipment		38,084		1,528		27,037		12,575
Vehicles	_	34,364		0		0		34,364
Totals	_	1,232,726		73,859		56,687		1,249,898
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		1,775,232		(60,479)		6,500	- , -	1,708,253
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	1,790,487	\$	(28,499)	\$	6,500	\$_	1,755,488

Depreciation expense is charged to functions as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

General Government	\$ 30,581
Public Works	148,062
Public Safety	50,869
Recreation	<u> 7,856</u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>237,368</u>
Business-Type Activities	
Water	\$ 59,277
Sewer	14,582
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ <u>73,859</u>

#### E. Interfund Balances and Activity

The Due To/From balances as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Due from			Due to
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds		Oth	ner Funds
	Φ.	62.466	ф	0
General Fund	\$	62,466	\$	0
Police Fund		42,018		0
Capital Equipment Fund		0		8,844
Capital Building Fund		0		8,626
Capital Roads Fund		8,897		0
Other Governmental Funds		161,871		0
Water Fund		0		103,583
Sewer Fund		0		14,734
Landfill Fund	_	0		139,465
Total	\$	275,252	\$	275,252

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Transfer From		Amount	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	\$	85,000	Capital Equipment Fund \$	85,000	Annual Funding for Highway Equipment
General Fund		20,000	Capital Equipment Fund	20,000	Annual Funding for Fire Equipment
General Fund		20,000	Capital Building Fund	20,000	Annual Funding
General Fund		100,000	Capital Roads Fund	100,000	Annual Funding for Paving
General Fund		35,000	Capital Roads Fund	35,000	Annual Funding for Road Construction
General Fund		10,000	Conservation Fund	10,000	Annual Funding
General Fund		5,000	Reapprais al Fund	5,000	Annual Funding
General Fund		10,000	Police Fund	10,000	Annual Funding
General Fund		26,545	Landfill Fund	26,545	Contribution to Closure Fund
Recreation Fund		456	General Fund	456	Close Fund
Lacrosse Fund		24	General Fund	24	Close Fund
BFD Fund		50	General Fund	50	Close Fund
Police Fund		11,000	Capital Equipment Fund	11,000	Annual Funding for Vehicle Replacement
Police Fund		2,000	Capital Equipment Fund	2,000	Annual Funding for Police Equipment
Landfill Fund		48,023	General Fund	48,023	Close Fund
Governmental Activities	_	353,545	Landfill Fund	353,545 *	Transfer Post-Closure Liability to Governmental Activities
Total	\$_	726,643	\$	726,643	

<sup>\*</sup> As part of closing the fund, the Landfill Fund transferred the liability for future costs associated with monitoring the landfill.

#### F. Unearned Revenue

Unearned Revenue in the Water Fund consists of \$1,321 of water fees received in advance. This revenue will be earned as the water fees are billed.

#### G. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources in the Governmental Activities consists of \$8,255 from the difference between the expected and actual experience, \$52,009 from changes in assumptions, \$50,453 from the difference between the projected and actual investment earnings and \$48,573 of required employer pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date, as further described in Note V.A. Total deferred outflows of resources in the Governmental Activities is \$159,290.

#### **H.** Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources in the Governmental Activities consists of \$8,550 of prepaid property taxes and \$11,087 resulting from changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions to the Town's participation in the Vermont Municipal Employee's Retirement System (VMERS), as further described in Note V.A. Total deferred inflows of resources in the Governmental Activities is \$19,637.

Deferred Inflows of Resources in the General Fund consists of \$45,585 of delinquent property taxes, penalties and interest on those taxes that were not collected within sixty (60) days after year-end as these would not be available to liquidate current liabilities, as well as \$8,550 of prepaid property taxes. Total Deferred Inflows of Resources in the General Fund is \$54,135.

Deferred Inflows of Resources in the Revolving Loan Fund consists of \$442,174 of loans receivable that were not collected within sixty (60) days after year-end as these would not be available to liquidate current liabilities. Total Deferred Inflows of Resources in the Revolving Loan Fund is \$442,174.

Deferred Inflows of Resources in the Other Governmental Funds consists of \$10,928 of grant revenue that was not collected within sixty (60) days after year-end as these would not be available to liquidate current liabilities. Total Deferred Inflows of Resources in the Other Governmental Funds is \$10,928.

#### I. Landfill Post-Closure Costs

The Town of Bristol, Vermont operated a municipal landfill. The Town closed the landfill on August 1, 2015 due to the decrease in tonnage, increased cost to close the landfill and the possible costs of implementing Act 148. The current estimate of the cost of post-closure monitoring is \$353,545.

The following is an estimate of post-closure costs:

Estimated post-closure costs per year	\$	11,640
Years to maintain	_	30
Estimated Post-Closure Costs	\$	349,200
Carryover Costs		4,345
Total Liability for costs of post-closure monitoring at June 30, 2016	\$	353,545
	T	

#### J. Long-term Liabilities

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> - The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities as well as major capital equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Town. New bonds generally are issued as 10 to 20 year bonds.

<u>Notes Payable</u> – The Town has a note payable to finance capital improvements to Holley Hall, a note payable to finance capital improvements to Howden Hall, as well as a note payable to finance construction of water lines.

<u>Line of Credit</u> – The Town has taken out a line of credit in order to fund capital construction. It is the intent of the Town to pay the outstanding balance on the line of credit with future bond proceeds.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - It is the policy of the Town to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused benefits. The accrual for unused compensated absences time, based on current pay rates, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Landfill Post-closure Costs</u> – The Town has estimated their liability for post-closure costs of the Town's landfill based upon maintenance and monitoring functions required by State and Federal laws and regulations.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u> - The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability (the present value of projected benefit payments to employees based on their past service) and the assets (mostly investments reported at fair value) set aside to pay current employees, retirees, and beneficiaries. The accrual for the Town's share of the net pension liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

The following is a summary of changes in the bonds and notes payable for the year ended June 30, 2016:

		ě	_		Balance	
Governmental Activities:	ıly 1, 2015	<u>Addit</u>	<u> 1011                                 </u>	<u>De</u>	eletions	June 30, 2016
Note Payable, Peoples United Bank, 2011 Holley Hall Improvements Interest at 1.95%, Matures April 27, 2015. The Town Plans to Renew this Note Annually and Reduce the Princip by \$10,000 per Year Over the Next Five (5) Years \$		\$	0	\$	10,000	\$ 50,000
Bond Payable, Vermont Municipal Bond Bank, 2007 Fire Engine Tanker, Annual Principal Payments of \$30,000 Due November 15 through 2018, Interest Rates Ranging From 2.72% to 4.01% Due Semi-Annually on May 15 and November 15	120,000		0		30,000	90,000
Bond Payable, Vermont Municipal Bond Bank, 2010 Holley Hall/Waterline Improvements, Annual Principal Payments of \$30,000 Due December 1, 2011 through December 1, 2020, Then \$35,000 through December 1, 2030, Interest Rates Ranging from 1.033% To 3.426%, Due Semi-Annually	520,000		0		20,000	500,000
On June 1 and December 1	530,000	(41)	0		30,000	500,000
		(41)				

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2016
Note Payable, National Bank of Middlebury, 2013 Howden Hall Lift, Annual Principal Payments of \$7,000 Beginning October 7, 2014, Interest at 2.95%,				
Matures October 7, 2018	\$ 28,000	\$ 0	\$ 7,000	\$ 21,000
Bond Payable, State of Vermont Special Environmental Revolving Fund (AR1-026), Stormwater Improvements, Annual Principal Payments Ranging from \$23,500 to \$34,235 Beginning December 1, 2012 through December 1, 2031, Interest at 0%, Administration Fee at 2.0%	499,066	0	24,938	474,128
Line of Credit, Peoples United Bank, South Street Bridge, Authorized to \$150,000, \$42,952 Still Available, Interest at 1.6%, Due September 15, 2016. The Town will Refinance this				
Line of Credit with Bond Proceeds	82,048	<u>25,000</u>	0	107,048
Total Governmental Activities	<u>1,319,114</u>	<u>25,000</u>	101,938	<u>1,242,176</u>
Business-Type Activities:				
Bond Payable, Vermont Municipal Bond Bank, 2010 Holley Hall/Waterline Improvements, Annual Principal Payments of \$10,000 Due December 1, 2011 through December 1, 2020, Interest Rates Ranging from 1.033% to 3.42% Due Semi-Annually on June 1 and December 1	60,000		0 10,000	50,000
Bond Payable, Vermont Municipal Bond Bank, Sewer Construction, Interest at 3.93%, Principal and Interest Payments of \$12,496 Due Semi-Annually on June 1 and December 1, Beginning December 1,				
2012, Maturing December 1, 2023	92,905	(42)	0 8,833	84,072

Bond Payable, Vermont Municipal Bond Bank, Water Line Construction, Interest at 3.93%, Principal and Interest Payments of \$55,894 Due Semi-Annually on June 1 and December 1, Beginning December 1, 2012, \$ 800,339 Maturing December 1, 2036 \$ 0 \$ 24,407 \$ 775,932 Note Payable, Peoples United Bank, Water Line Construction, Interest at 2.35%, Principal Payments of \$15,000 Plus Interest Due on September 30 15,000 0 15,000 0 0 Total Business-Type Activities 968,244 58,240 910,004 Total Long-Term Debt \$2,287,358 \$25,000 \$<u>160,178</u> \$2,152,180

Changes in all long-term liabilities during the year were as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Additions	-	Reductions	 Transfers*	<u> </u>	Ending Balance	 Due Within One Year
<b>Governmental Activities</b>										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	1,149,066	\$	0	\$	84,938	\$ 0	\$	1,064,128	\$ 85,437
Note Payable		88,000		0		17,000	0		71,000	17,000
Line of Credit		82,048		25,000		0	0		107,048	0
Compensated Absences		45,216		7,731		0	0		52,947	0
Net Pension Liability		32,764		228,391		0	0		261,155	0
Landfill Estimated Post Closure Costs	_	0	-	0	-	0	 353,545	_	353,545	 11,640
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	1,397,094	\$	261,122	\$	101,938	\$ 353,545	\$_	1,909,823	\$ 114,077
<b>Business-type Activities</b>										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	953,244	\$	0	\$	43,240	\$ 0	\$	910,004	\$ 44,546
Note Payable		15,000		0		15,000	0		0	0
Compensated Absences		957		0		239	0		718	0
Landfill Estimated Closure and										
Post Closure Costs	_	1,097,200		0	-	743,655	 (353,545)		0	 0
Total Business-type Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	2,066,401	\$	0	\$	802,134	\$ (353,545)	\$_	910,722	\$ 44,546

<sup>\*</sup> The Landfill Fund transferred the liability for future costs associated with monitoring the landfill.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities			Business-7	Activities		
Year Ending								
June 30	_	Principal	_	Interest		Principal	_	Interest
2017	¢	102 427	¢	10 070	¢	11516	¢	24 502
2017	\$	102,437	\$	18,879	\$	44,546	\$	34,503
2018		102,946		16,051		45,904		32,842
2019		103,465		13,991		47,315		31,121
2020		66,994		12,478		48,782		29,324
2021		67,534		11,758		50,306		27,454
2022-2026		321,152		43,378		200,782		111,919
2027-2031		336,365		14,990		201,727		73,780
2032-2036		34,235		0		244,606		30,117
2037-2041		N/A		N/A		26,036		528
Unknown	_	107,048	_	N/A		N/A	_	N/A
Total	\$ _	1,242,176	\$ _	131,525	\$	910,004	\$ _	371,588

#### K. Fund Balances

GASB Statement No. 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 54, requires fund balances reported on the governmental fund balance sheet to be classified using a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balances are to be classified as: nonspendable (not in spendable form or legally required to remain intact); restricted (constraints on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or donors, or imposed by law through enabling legislation); committed (constraints on the use of resources are imposed by formal action of the voters); assigned (reflecting the Selectboard's intended use of the resources); and unassigned.

Special revenue funds are created only to report a revenue source (or sources) that is restricted or committed to a specified purpose, and that the revenue source should constitute a substantial portion of the resources reported in that fund. Special revenue funds cannot be used to accumulate funds that are not restricted or committed. These amounts will have to be reflected in the General Fund.

Amounts constrained to stabilization (rainy-day funds) will be reported as restricted or committed fund balance in the General Fund if they meet the other criteria for those classifications. However, stabilization is regarded as a specified purpose only if the circumstances or conditions that signal the need for stabilization (a) are identified in sufficient detail and (b) are not expected to occur routinely. The Town does not have any stabilization arrangements.

Some governments create stabilization-like arrangements by establishing formal minimum fund balance policies. The Town does not have any minimum fund balance polices.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, it is the Town's policy to first consider restricted amounts to have been spent, followed by committed, assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

The purpose for each major special revenue fund, including which specific revenues and other resources are authorized to be reported in each, are described in the following section.

The fund balances in the following funds are nonspendable as follows:

#### Major Funds

Nonspendable General Fund Prepaid Expenses Nonspendable Police Fund Prepaid Expenses	\$ 92,042 2,907
Total Major Funds	94,949
Non-Major Funds	
Nonspendable Martha Parker Fund by Bequest	17,700
Total	\$ <u>112,649</u>
The fund balances in the following funds are restricted as follows:	
Major Funds	
Restricted for Revolving Loan Fund by Grant Agreement	\$245,624
Restricted for Police Expenditures by Charter/ State Statute (Source of Revenue is Special Taxes)	34,964
Total Major Funds	280,588
Non-Major Funds	
Restricted for Record Restoration Expenditures by Statute (Source of Revenue is Recording Fees)	23,513
Restricted for Recreation Department Expenditures by Donations and Grant Agreements (Source of Revenue is Donations and Grant Revenue)	125

Restricted for Howden Hall Expenditures by Donations And Grant Agreements (Source of Revenue is Donations and Grant Revenue)	\$ 1,216
Restricted for Peveril Peake Expenditures by Grant Agreement (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue)	4,507
Restricted for Conservation Expenditures by Grant Agreements (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue)	32,072
Restricted for Prince Lane Expenditures by Grant Agreements (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue)	10,539
Restricted for Bristol Flood Relief Expenditures by Grant Agreements (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue)	8,902
Restricted for United Way of Addison County Expenditures By Grant Agreements (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue)	13,516
Restricted for Holley Hall Expenditures by Grant Agreements and Donations (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue and Donations)	11,173
Restricted for Various Other Governmental Funds for Various Purposes by Grant Agreements and Donations (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue and Donations)	740
Total Non-Major Funds	106,303
Total Restricted Fund Balances	\$ <u>386,891</u>
The fund balance in the following fund is committed as follows:	
Major Funds:	
Committed for Fire Vehicle Expenditures by the Voters	\$ <u>57,594</u>
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ <u>57,594</u>
The fund balances in the following funds are assigned as follows:	
Major Funds:	
Capital Equipment Fund - Assigned for Capital Equipment Expenses Capital Building Fund - Assigned for Capital Building Expenses Capital Roads Fund - Assigned for Capital Road Expenses	\$214,769 6,022 <u>208,328</u>
Total Major Funds	429,119

#### Non-Major Funds:

Assigned for Reappraisal Expenses (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue)	\$207,500
Assigned for Lister Education Expenses (Source of Revenue is Grant Revenue)	3,641
Total Non-Major Funds	<u>211,141</u>
Total Assigned Fund Balances	\$ <u>640,260</u>

The Other Governmental Funds unrestricted deficits of \$125, \$5,813, \$4,363, \$3,091 and \$1,900 in the Vermont Community Foundation Fund, the AmeriCorps Fund, the South Street Bridge Fund, the Police Department Equipment Fund, and the StoneyHill Planning Fund, respectively, will be funded with future grant revenue, bond proceeds, or transfers.

#### L. Net Position

The restricted net position in the Governmental Activities are as follows:

Restricted for Revolving Loan Expenditures	\$687,798
Restricted for Police Expenditures	37,871
Restricted for Martha Parker Fund Expenditures	17,700
Restricted for Various Other Governmental Expenditures	106,303
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ <u>849,672</u>

#### V. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. PENSION PLAN

#### **Defined Benefit Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

The Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. It is designed for municipal and school district employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employer who meets the minimum hourly requirements is required to join the system. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the retirement system consisted of 436 participating employers.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1975, and is governed by Title 24, V.S.A. Chapter 125.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement system for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of five members. They are the State Treasurer, two employee representatives elected by the membership of the system, and two employer representatives-one elected by the governing bodies of participating employers of the system, and one selected by the Governor from a list of four nominees. The list of four nominees is jointly submitted by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns and the Vermont School Boards Association.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, AND Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2015, the measurement date selected by the State of Vermont, VMERS was funded at 87.42% and had a plan fiduciary net position of \$535,903,742 and a total pension liability of \$612,999,552 resulting in a net pension liability of \$77,095,810. As of June 30, 2016, the Town's proportionate share of this was .3387% resulting in a liability of \$261,155. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2015, the Town's proportion of .3387% was a decrease of 0.0203 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$68,349.

As of June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Difference between projected and actual experience	\$	8,255	\$ 0
Changes in assumptions		52,009	0
Difference between projected and actual investment earning	ıgs	50,453	0
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		0	11,087
Town's required employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	_	48,573	 0
	\$_	159,290	\$ 11,087

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Town's required employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$48,573 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30</u>	
2017	\$ 18,529
2018	18,529
2019	18,529
2020	44,043
Total	\$99,630

#### **Summary of System Provisions**

Membership – Full time employees of participating municipalities. The Town elected coverage under Group C provisions.

Creditable Service – Service as a member plus purchased service.

Average Final Compensation (AFC) – Group C – Average annual compensation during highest three (3) consecutive years.

#### Service Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Group C – Age 55 with five (5) years of service.

Amount – Group C – 2.5% of AFC times service as a Group C member plus percentage earned as a Group C member times AFC.

Maximum benefit is 50% of AFC for Group C. The previous amounts include the portion of the allowance provided by member contributions.

#### Vested Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Five (5) years of service.

Amount – Allowance beginning at normal retirement age based on AFC and service at termination. The AFC is to be adjusted annually by one-half of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, subject to the limits on "Post-Retirement Adjustments".

#### Disability Retirement Allowance:

Eligibility – Five (5) years of service and disability as determined by Retirement Board.

Amount – Immediate allowance based on AFC and service to date of disability.

#### Death Benefit:

Eligibility – Death after five (5) years of service.

Amount – For Group C, reduced early retirement allowance under 100% survivor option commencing immediately or, if greater, survivor(s) benefit under disability annuity computed as of date of death.

Optional Benefit and Death after Retirement - For Group C, lifetime allowance or actuarially equivalent 50% or 100% joint and survivor allowance with refund of contribution guarantee.

Refund of Contribution - Upon termination, if the member so elects or if no other benefit is payable, the member's accumulated contributions are refunded.

Post-Retirement Adjustments - Allowance in payment for at least one year increased on each January 1 by one-half of the percentage increase in Consumer Price Index but not more than 3% for Group C.

Member Contributions - Group C-9.875% from July 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015 (changed from 9.75%) and then 10.0% effective January 1, 2016.

Employer Contributions - Group C-7.125% from July 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015 (changed from 7%) and then 7.25% effective January 1, 2016.

Retirement Stipend - \$25 per month payable at the option of the Board of Trustees.

#### **Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

Interest Rate - A select-and-ultimate interest rate set, specified as follows. The interest rate set is restarted every year.

Year 1: 6.25%	Year 10: 8.50%
Year 2: 6.75%	Year 11: 8.50%
Year 3: 7.00%	Year 12: 8.50%
Year 4: 7.50%	Year 13: 8.50%
Year 5: 7.75%	Year 14: 8.50%
Year 6: 8.25%	Year 15: 8.50%
Year 7: 8.25%	Year 16: 8.75%
Year 8: 8.25%	Year 17 and later: 9.00%
Year 9: 8.50%	

Salary increases - 5% per year.

#### Deaths:

Active participants – 50% of the probabilities in the 1995 Buck Mortality Tables for males and females.

Non-disabled retirees and terminated vested participants – The 1995 Buck Mortality Tables with no set-back for males and one-year set-back for females.

Disabled retirees – RP-2000 Disabled Life Tables.

Beneficiaries – 1995 Buck Mortality Tables for males and females.

Spouse's Age: - Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments to Benefits of Terminated Vested and Retired Participants - Assumed to occur at the rate of 1.8% per annum for Group C members.

Actuarial Cost Method - Entry Age Normal - Level Percentage of Pay.

Asset Valuation Method - Invested assets are reported at fair value.

Note – For funding purposes – A smoothing method is used, under which the value of assets for actuarial purposes equals market value less a five-year phase-in of the differences between actual and assumed investment return. The value of assets for actuarial purposes may not differ from the market value of assets by more than 20%.

Inflation- The separately stated assumptions for investment return, salary increases and cost of living adjustments are consistent with an expected annual inflation rate of 3.00% to 3.25% per year.

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return:

The long-term expected rate of return on investments was determined using best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class using an econometric model that forecasts a variety of economic environments and then calculates asset class returns based on functional relationships between the economic variable and the asset classes. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce forecasts of the short, intermediate, and longer term horizons by weighting the expected future nominal rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The various time horizons in the forecast are intended to capture more recent economic and capital market conditions as well as other plausible environments that could develop in the future over economic cycles.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	8.61%
Fixed Income	1.91%
Alternatives	6.93%
Multi-strategy	4.88%

Nominal long-term expected rates of return for these asset classes are equal to the sum of the expected long-term real rates and the expected long-term inflation rate of 3.0%.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.95%, a decrease from 8.23% in the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.95 percent, as well as what the proportionate share would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.95%) or one percent higher (8.95%):

1% Decrease (6.95%)	Discount Rate (7.95%)	1% Increase (8.95%)
\$276,014	\$261,155	\$(171,316)

#### **Additional Information**

Additional information regarding the State of Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System, including the details of the Fiduciary Net Position, is available upon request from the State of Vermont.

#### **B. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Town of Bristol is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town of Bristol maintains insurance coverage through the Vermont League of Cities and Towns Property and Casualty Intermunicipal Fund, Inc. (the Fund) covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Town of Bristol except that the Town has an environmental exclusion in their insurance policy in regards to the landfill. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town must remain a member of the Fund for a minimum of one year and may withdraw from the Fund after that time by giving sixty days' notice. Fund underwriting and rate-setting policies have been established after consultation with actuaries. Fund members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the Fund were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Fund's liabilities.

The Town of Bristol self-insures itself for unemployment coverage. The Town must pay the Vermont Department of Employment and Training for any paid claims. Unemployment claims for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$4,416.

#### C. PROPERTY TAXES

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes as well as education property taxes for the State. On August 30 of the current year, unpaid amounts become delinquent. The tax bills are due in two installments in November and April. On April 5 of the current year, the Town assesses an 8% penalty on all unpaid amounts. Interest is calculated at 1% for the first (3) months and 1.5% thereafter. The tax rate for fiscal year 2016 is as follows:

	Non-Residential	Residential
Education	1.6419	1.6789
General	.1924	.1924
Highway	.2111	.2111
Recreation	.0602	.0602
Fire	.0200	.0200
Police	.3018	.3018
Special Articles	.1789	.1789
Local Agreement	<u>.0056</u>	0056
Total Tax Rate/per \$100		
of Assessed Valuation	<u>2.6119</u>	2.6489

#### D. LEASES

The Town's Police Department entered into an operating lease for office space in 2013. The lease is for ten (10) years. Lease expense for the fiscal year 2016 was \$34,275. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2017	\$ 37,219
2018	37,996
2019	37,996
2020	37,996
2021	37,996
2022-2023	<u>85,491</u>
Total	\$274,694

#### E. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

One Selectboard member is an owner/operator of a construction company which performed services for the Town during the year. The amount paid to his excavating company for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 was \$19,189.

#### F. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 5, 2016, the National Bank of Middlebury approved a municipal bond anticipation note in the amount of \$2,946,000 for financing the purchase of a new public safety building. Principal and interest at 1.54% is due and payable on September 1, 2016.

On August 1, 2016, the National Bank of Middlebury approved a Public Safety Improvement Bond in the amount of \$2,946,000 for financing the purchase of a new public safety building. Annual principal payments of \$98,200 and interest at 1.54% are due and payable beginning August 1, 2017.

# TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY VMERS DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN JUNE 30, 2016

	2016		 2015	
Total Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	77,095,810	\$ 9,126,613	
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.3387%	0.3590%	
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	261,155	\$ 32,764	
Town's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	675,956	\$ 682,595	
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Town's Covered Employee Payroll		38.6349%	4.7999%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		87.42%	98.32%	

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Benefit Changes: None.

<u>Changes in Assumptions:</u> The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability was lowered from 8.23% to 7.95%, due to the adoption by the Board of Trustees of a 7.95% expected future rate of return on assets for funding purposes.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

#### TOWN OF BRISTOL, VERMONT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS VMERS DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016		2015	
Contractually Required Contribution (Actuarially Determined)	\$	48,573	\$	47,351
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions		48,573		47,351
Contribution Excess/(Deficiency)	\$	0	\$	0
Town's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	675,956	\$	682,595
Contributions as a Percentage of Town's Covered Employee Payroll		7.186%		6.937%
Notes to Schedule				

June 30, 2015

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

Valuation Date:

## Sullivan, Powers & Co., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

77 Barre Street P.O. Box 947 Montpelier, VT 05601 802/223-2352 www.sullivanpowers.com Fred Duplessis, CPA Richard J. Brigham, CPA Chad A. Hewitt, CPA Wendy C. Gilwee, CPA VT Lic. #92-000180

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
"Government Auditing Standards"

Selectboard Town of Bristol P.O. Box 249 Bristol, Vermont 05443

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards", issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Bristol, Vermont, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Bristol, Vermont's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 4, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Bristol, Vermont's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Bristol, Vermont's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Bristol, Vermont's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town of Bristol, Vermont's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Bristol, Vermont's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under "Government Auditing Standards".

However, we have noted certain other matters that we reported to the management of the Town of Bristol, Vermont in a separate letter dated April 4, 2017.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Bristol, Vermont's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with "Government Auditing Standards" in considering the Town of Bristol, Vermont's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sullivan, Powers & Company

April 4, 2017 Montpelier, Vermont VT Lic. #92-000180